

HOMEWORK 9

- (1) Let M be an open Riemannian manifold with $\text{sec} \geq 0$. Prove that any two souls of M are isometric and isotopic, and in particular homotopy equivalent.
- (2) Let (M, g_i) , $i = 1, 2$, be a Riemannian manifold endowed with complete metrics with $\text{sec} \geq 0$, and let S_i , $i = 1, 2$, be a soul of M corresponding to g_i . Show that S_1, S_2 are homotopy equivalent, and $\dim S_1 = \dim S_2$.
- (3) (a) Show that a distance nonincreasing function is volume increasing.
 (b) Show that souls have minimum volume in their homotopy class.

Hint. Take S_1 homotopy equivalent to a soul S , then $P(S_1) = S$, and $\text{Vol } P(S_1) = \text{Vol}(S)$.

- (4) In this exercise we aim to prove the following Lemma.

Lemma. *Let X be a compact metric space. Then any surjective distance non increasing map $f : X \rightarrow X$ is an isometry.*

- (a) Show that f is continuous.
 (b) Show that for all $x, y \in X$, $\epsilon > 0$, there exists an integer $N = N(x, y, \epsilon)$ such that for any $k > 0$, $d(f^N(x), f^N(y)) - d(f^{N+k}(x), f^{N+k}(y)) < \epsilon$.

Hint. Given $x, y \in X$, check the sequence $(f^n(x), f^n(y))$ in $X \times X$.

- (c) Show that we can choose N depending only on ϵ which satisfies the condition of part (b).

Hint. Cover $X \times X$ with balls and use continuity.

- (d) Use surjectivity to prove the Lemma by contradiction.

Hint. Take $a, b \in X$ with $d(f(a), f(b)) < d(a, b) - \delta$ and choose $x, y \in X$ such that $f^N(x) = a, f^N(y) = b$.

- (5) This exercise is about the notion of *pseudo soul* and some of its important properties.

Definition (Pseudo soul). A submanifold of a open Riemannian manifold with nonnegative sectional curvature is called pseudo soul if it is isometric and isotopic to some soul.

Remember that given a soul S_0 , the Sharafutdinov projection $P : M \rightarrow S_0$ is a distance non increasing projection (i.e. $P|_{S_0} = id$) and that there is a 1-parameter group of distance non increasing maps $P_t : M \rightarrow M$, $t \in [0, 1]$, such that $P_0 = id$ and $P_1 = P$.

- (a) Use Exercise 1 to show that if a pseudo soul is isometric and isotopic to some soul S , then it is isotopic and isometric to any other soul.
 - (b) For any pseudo soul S , $P|_S$ is an isometry.
 - (c) For all pseudo soul S , $P_t|_S$ for all t is an isometry.
 - (d) For all pseudo soul S , $P_t(S)$ is totally geodesic. With an example show that it is not necessarily totally convex.
- (6) Prove that pseudo souls are disjoint.