

Functional Analysis

8th Exercise Sheet

* **Exercise 28:**

Let (X, d) be a complete metric space and $\mathcal{F} \subseteq C(X)$ such that $\{f(x) | f \in \mathcal{F}\}$ is bounded for any $x \in X$. Then there exists a ball $B(x_0, r) \subseteq X$ such that $\sup_{f \in \mathcal{F}} \sup_{x \in B(x_0, r)} |f(x)| < \infty$.

* **Exercise 29:**

Let X, Y be Banach spaces and let $T \in \mathcal{L}(X, Y)$. Then the range of $T(X)$ is closed in Y if and only if

$$\gamma(T) := \inf \left\{ \frac{\|Tx\|_Y}{d(x, N(T))} \mid x \notin N(T) \right\} > 0.$$

Hint: Use Open Mapping Theorem.

Exercise 30:

Let $f : [1, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a continuous function such that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(nt) = 0$ holds for all $t \geq 1$. Then $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) = 0$ also holds.

* **Exercise 31:**

Let s_n be a real sequence. Then the following are equivalent:

1. $\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} s_j$ converges absolutely,
2. series $\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} t_j s_j$ converges for every nullsequence t_n .

Hint: Use Banach–Steinhaus Theorem. There is also alternative proof using elementary results from Analysis 1.

Remark: The exercises marked with a star can be handed in for the correction till Wednesday noon to the letterbox at the ground level of the Math building 20.30.