

## Algebra – Problem Sheet 4

### Exercise 1 (4 points)

Let  $K$  be a field. Show one of the following statements and use it to show the other one:

- a1) There are infinitely many monic, irreducible polynomials in  $K[X]$ .
- 1a) If  $K$  is finite  $K$  is not algebraically closed.

### Exercise 2 (6 points)

Show that the following polynomials are irreducible.

- a)  $X^{p-1} + \dots + X + 1 \in \mathbb{Q}[X]$  for  $p \in \mathbb{P}$  (*hint*: The coordinate change  $X \mapsto X + 1$  may help you.)
- b)  $\Phi_{p^d}(X) \in \mathbb{Q}[X]$  for  $p \in \mathbb{P}, d \in \mathbb{N}$  (where  $\Phi_n$  is the  $n$ -th cyclotomic polynomial)
- c)  $X^3 - Y^2X^2 + YX + 4Y \in \mathbb{C}[X, Y]$
- d)  $Y^2 - X^3 \in \mathbb{C}[X, Y]$

### Exercise 3 (6 points)

Consider  $f = Y^2 - X^3 + 1 \in \mathbb{C}[X, Y]$ . Recall its irreducibility from the lecture. Sketch the zero set  $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : f(x, y) = 0\}$ .

Let  $E := \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{C}^2 : y^2 = x^3 - 1\}$  be the zero set of  $f$  in  $\mathbb{C}^2$  and let  $I = \{g \in \mathbb{C}[X, Y] : g|_E = 0\}$  be the ideal of all polynomials that vanish on  $E$ .

Show that  $f$  divides  $g \in \mathbb{C}[X, Y]$  if and only if  $g$  has infinitely many zeroes in  $E$ .

(*Hint for „ $\Leftarrow$ “*: For any  $g$  with this property begin considering  $g$  modulo  $f$ . Try to reduce the degree of  $y$ . Now try to eliminate all  $y$  and prove the claim by using that  $g$  has infinitely many zeroes in  $E$ . What does this mean considering only the first component?)

Conclude that  $I = (f)$ . Furthermore conclude that this ideal is a prime ideal.

Finally calculate the transcendence degree for the field extension  $\mathbb{C} \subseteq \text{Quot}(\mathbb{C}[X, Y]/I)$ .