

# Selected Topics in Geometric Group Theory

## Problem Sheet 5

### Problem 1 *Outer Automorphisms of free groups*

Consider the free group  $F$  on  $n \geq 1$  generators.

- (a) Prove the abelianisation of  $F$  to be isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}^n$ .
- (b) Prove the natural map  $\text{Out}(F) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{Z})$  to be surjective.
- (c) Show that  $\text{Out}(F) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{Z})$  is not injective if  $n \geq 3$ .

### Problem 2 *Extension of homeomorphisms*

Let  $X$  be a punctured surface. Prove that any homeomorphism  $f: X \rightarrow X$  extends to a homeomorphism of  $\bar{X}$ .

### Problem 3 *Curves suitable for the Alexander method*

Generalise the construction of a family of curves suitable for the Alexander method that was presented in the lectures from surfaces to punctured surfaces.

### Problem 4 *The graph of curves again*

Consider the graph  $\Gamma_C(S_2)$  of curves on a surface of genus 2. We suppose  $\Gamma_C(S_2)$  to carry the usual graph-theoretic metric. Construct an example of a pair  $a, b$  of simple closed curves, such that  $a$  and  $b$  have distance 3 in  $\Gamma_C(S_2)$ .

**Problem 5** *Fibrations – part two*

We continue our excursion to fibrations that we have begun on the preceding problem sheet. For this purpose, let  $p: E \rightarrow B$  be a fibration,  $b \in B$  and  $e \in F$ , where  $F$  denotes the fibre of  $p$  over  $b$ .

- (a) Use the fibre transport maps  $f_\alpha$  constructed on the last problem sheet to define a map  $\partial: \pi_1(B, b) \rightarrow \pi_0(F, e)$  that makes the sequence

$$\pi_1(E, e) \xrightarrow{p_*} \pi_1(B, b) \xrightarrow{\partial} \pi_0(F, e) \xrightarrow{i_*} \pi_0(E, e)$$

exact.

Having mastered all this abstract theory of fibrations, let us consider some examples. For the first example, consider a sufficiently nice topological space  $X$  and the associated spaces

$$\begin{aligned} \Omega X &= \{ \omega: I \rightarrow X \mid \omega(0) = \omega(1) = x \} \\ PX &= \{ \omega: I \rightarrow X \mid \omega(0) = x \} \end{aligned}$$

of loops and paths based in the fixed point  $x \in X$ .

- (b) Prove that  $p: PX \rightarrow X$  given by  $\omega \mapsto \omega(1)$  is a fibration with fibre  $\Omega X$ .  
(c) Show that  $PX$  is contractible and deduce  $\pi_1(X) \cong \pi_0(\Omega X)$ .

If  $X$  happens to be a surface, the above example does not only work for the loop and path space, but we can also consider spaces of homeomorphisms. That is, we consider the space  $\text{Homeo}_*(X)$  of homeomorphisms of  $X$  that fix some basepoint  $x$  and the space  $\text{Homeo}(X)$  of all homeomorphisms. Actually, this is not only a fibration but even a fibre bundle<sup>1</sup>. We will silently make use of the fact that any sufficiently nice fibre bundle is also a fibration.

- (d) Prove that  $p: \text{Homeo}(X) \rightarrow X$  given by  $f \mapsto f(x)$  is a fibre bundle with fibre  $\text{Homeo}_*(X)$ .  
(e) Prove that in this example,  $\partial: \pi_1(B, b) \rightarrow \pi_0(F, e)$  and  $i_*: \pi_0(F, e) \rightarrow \pi_0(E, e)$  are group homomorphisms.  
(f) Describe the map  $\partial$  in geometric terms in the case that  $X$  is a surface.

Finally, consider a homeomorphism  $f: X \rightarrow X$  and the mapping torus  $T_f$  of  $f$  given by the quotient

$$T_f = \frac{X \times I}{(x, 0) \sim (f(x), 1)}.$$

- (g) Construct a bundle  $p: E \rightarrow B$  having  $T_f$  as total space. What are the fibre and the base?  
(h) What is the mapping torus  $T_f$  of the map  $f: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  given by  $z \mapsto z^{-1}$ ?

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<sup>1</sup>Look up the definition of a fibre bundle!