

Global Differential Geometry Exercise sheet 7

Exercise 1

Let G be a Lie group and $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ a left-invariant metric on G . Show that for left-invariant vector fields X and Y

$$\nabla_X Y = \frac{1}{2}([X, Y] - (\text{ad}_X)^*(Y) - (\text{ad}_Y)^*(X)),$$

where $\text{ad}_X(Y) = [X, Y]$ and $*$ denotes the adjoint map with respect to $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$.

Exercise 2

Let

$$G := \left\{ \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & x & z \\ 0 & 1 & y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \mid x, y, z \in \mathbb{R} \right\}.$$

G is called the *Heisenberg group*.

Show that there is a basis ξ_1, ξ_2, ξ_3 of the Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} of G , such that $[\xi_1, \xi_2] = \xi_3$ and $[\xi_1, \xi_3] = [\xi_2, \xi_3] = 0$.

Exercise 3

Let G , \mathfrak{g} and ξ_i , $i = 1, 2, 3$, as above. For $0 < q \leq 1$, we define a left-invariant metric g_q on G by

$$g_q(\xi_1, \xi_1) = q^2 = g_q(\xi_2, \xi_2), \quad g_q(\xi_3, \xi_3) = q^4 \quad \text{and} \quad g_q(\xi_i, \xi_j) = 0 \quad \text{for } i \neq j.$$

Show that $-\frac{3}{4} \leq \sec(M, g_q) \leq \frac{1}{4}$ for all $q \in (0, 1]$.