

Mathematical Methods in Quantum Mechanics I

9th Exercise Sheet

Exercise 29:

Let \mathcal{H} be a Hilbert space.

1. Let A be a self-adjoint operator. Prove that for each $\lambda \in \rho(A)$ we have

$$\|(\lambda - A)^{-1}\| = \frac{1}{d(\lambda, \sigma(A))} \quad (1)$$

2. Find an example of operator for which the equality (1) fails.

Hint: Look for non-normal operator.

Exercise 30:

Let $\psi \in H^1(\mathbb{R}^3)$. Show that

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} \left\| \frac{\psi(x-h)}{x} \right\| = 0.$$

Exercise 31:

Let $f \in \{\psi \in C(\mathbb{R}^d) \mid \lim_{|x| \rightarrow \infty} \psi = 0\}$ and $M_f : H^1(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$, $M_f \varphi := f\varphi$. Show that M_f is compact.

Exercise 32:

Let \mathcal{H} be a Hilbert space and $S \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{H})$ self-adjoint. Furthermore define numerical range $W(S) := \{(x, Sx) \mid x \in \mathcal{H}, \|x\| = 1\}$. Show that $W(S) \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ and

$$\sigma(S) \subseteq [m, M] \subseteq [-\|S\|, \|S\|]$$

where $m := \inf\{(Sx|x) \mid \|x\| = 1\}$ and $M := \sup\{(Sx|x) \mid \|x\| = 1\}$. Moreover show that $m, M \in \sigma(S)$ and $M = \|S\|$ or $m = -\|S\|$.