

Spectral Theory

4th Exercise Sheet

Exercise 13:

Let $k \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$. Show that the operator $T : L^2(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ defined as

$$Tf := k \star f, \quad f \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$$

is well defined, linear and bounded. Determine its spectrum $\sigma_p(T)$, $\sigma_c(T)$ and $\sigma_r(T)$.

Exercise 14:

Show that for $f, \hat{f} \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$ Fourier inversion formula

$$f(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} e^{2\pi i x \xi} \hat{f}(\xi) d\xi \quad \text{for a. e. } x \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

holds. Furthermore show that $f, \hat{f} \in C_0(\mathbb{R}^d)$ when modified suitably on a null-set.

Exercise 15: Heisenberg uncertainty principle

Let $d = 1$. Then for arbitrary $\psi \in S(\mathbb{R})$ the inequality

$$\|x\psi\|_2 \|\xi\hat{\psi}\|_2 \geq \frac{1}{4\pi} \|\psi\|_2^2.$$

holds.

Hint: Look at the expression $2 \operatorname{Re} \langle x\psi, \psi' \rangle$.