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13th exercise sheet

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

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47. Let $f \in C_b^0(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $u : \mathbb{R}^n \times [0, \infty)$ the solution of the heat equation with $u(\cdot, 0) = f$.
- a) Show that for $x, z \in \mathbb{R}^n$ holds

$$u(x, t) - u(z, t) \rightarrow 0.$$

- b) Let further $f(x) \rightarrow v$ as $|x| \rightarrow \infty$. Show that

$$u(x, t) \rightarrow v.$$

- c) What happens if $\text{supp } f$ is bounded?

48. Let K the kernel (fundamental solution) of the heat equation ($K(x, t) = (4\pi t)^{-\frac{n}{2}} e^{-\frac{|x|^2}{4t}}$). Show that for $s, t > 0$ holds

$$K(x, t+s) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} K(x-y, t)K(y, s)dy.$$

Hint: Uniqueness of the solution of the heat equation.

49. Let $k, h > 0$ and $\Sigma := (nh, mk) : n, m \in \mathbb{Z}, m \geq 0$. Let v a solution of the discrete heat equation

$$\frac{v(x, t+k) - v(x, t)}{k} - \frac{v(x+h, t) - 2v(x, t) + v(x-h, t)}{h^2} = 0 \text{ on } \Sigma$$

with $v(x, 0) = f(x) \in C^0(\mathbb{R})$.

Show that for the case $\frac{k}{h^2} = \frac{1}{2}$ holds

$$v(nh, mk) = 2^{-m} \sum_{j=0}^m \binom{m}{j} f((n-m+2j)h),$$

and therewith $\sup_{\Sigma} |v| \leq \sup_{\mathbb{R}} |f|$.

50. Let $\Gamma(x) := \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{x-1} dt$. Show:

$$\Gamma(x+1) = x\Gamma(x), \quad (x \geq 0), \quad (1)$$

$$\Gamma(1) = 1, \quad (2)$$

$$\int_0^\infty s^n e^{-s^2} ds = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right), \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}), \quad (3)$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 2 \int_0^\infty e^{-s^2} ds = \sqrt{\pi}, \quad (\text{the second equation is known}), \quad (4)$$

$$\sqrt{\pi}^n = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} e^{-|x|^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \text{vol}(S^{(n-1)}), \quad (\text{volume of the } n-1 \text{ sphere}). \quad (5)$$

Use this to finally conclude the missing statement from the lecture

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{vol}(S^{(n-2)}) \pi^{-\frac{n}{2}} \int_0^\infty \sigma^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\sigma} \left(\int_0^\infty e^{-s^2} s^{n-2} ds \right) d\sigma = \frac{1}{2}.$$